

Amendments to the Claims:

The list of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (withdrawn) A method of producing polymer-coated fibers, said method comprising:

combining a continuous roving of coated fibers with a molten polymer by means of a heating chamber adapted to house at least one nozzle including a plurality of orifices for ejection of the molten polymer upon and by which the coated fibers are spread;

and cooling the molten polymer upon the continuous roving of coated fibers by means of a cooling chamber to form a contiguous polymer-coated fiber.

- 2. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein the temperature of the heating chamber is brought to a temperature at which the molten polymer will flow.
- 3. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 2 wherein the temperature of the heating chamber is brought to at least about 30°C above the melting temperature of the molten polymer.
- 4. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein the molten polymer is ejected in a manner sufficient to forcibly spread each fiber within the continuous roving of coated fibers without removal of coating on each fiber.
- 5.. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein each fiber is a coated carbon fiber.
- 6. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 5 wherein each fiber is a metal coated fiber.

- 7. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 6 wherein each metal coated fiber is coated with a metal selected from the group consisting of nickel, nickel alloy, silver, silver alloy, aluminum, aluminum alloy, copper, copper alloy, monel metal, monel metal alloy, tin or tin alloy.
- 8. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein the molten polymer is a thermoplastic.
- 9. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein the molten polymer is a thermoset.
- 10. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein the molten polymer is a molten liquid crystal polymer.
- 11. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein the nozzles comprises at least one set of nozzles.
- 12. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 11 wherein the nozzles comprises four sets of nozzles.
- 13. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 12 wherein the nozzles are rotating nozzles.
- 14. (withdrawn) The method Claim 1 wherein the nozzles are connected to a pressurized reservoir of the molten polymer.
- 15. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein the cooling step is accomplished by an inert gas blown onto the continuous roving of coated fibers to solidify the molten polymer.

- 16. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 15 wherein the inert gas is selected from nitrogen, helium and argon.
- 17. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 further including the step of cutting the contiguous polymer-coated fiber into pellets.
- 18. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 further including the step of rolling the contiguous polymer-coated fiber into a wound length.
- 19. (withdrawn) A method of producing polymer-coated, metal-coated fibers, said method comprising:

combining a continuous roving of metal-coated fibers with a molten polymer stream by means of a heating chamber adapted to house at least one nozzle including a plurality of orifices for ejection of the molten polymer upon and by which the fibers of the continuous roving of metal-coated fibers are spread via only force of the molten polymer stream and with minimal damage of the fibers of the continuous roving of metal-coated fibers;

cooling the molten polymer upon the individual fibers of the continuous roving of fibers by means of a cooling chamber to form a contiguous polymer-coated, metal-coated fiber,

and recovering the polymer-coated, metal-coated fibers.

- 20. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein the temperature of the heating chamber is brought to a temperature at which the molten polymer will flow.
- 21. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 20 wherein the temperature of the heating chamber is brought to at least about 30°C above the melting temperature of the molten polymer.

- 22. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein each metal coated carbon fiber is coated with a metal selected from the group consisting of nickel, nickel alloy, silver, silver alloy, aluminum, aluminum alloy, copper, copper alloy, monel metal, monel metal alloy, tin or tin alloy.
- 23. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein the molten polymer is a thermoplastic.
- 24. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein the molten polymer is a thermoset.
- 25. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein the molten polymer is a molten liquid crystal polymer.
- 26. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein the nozzles comprises at least one set of nozzles.
- 27. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 25 wherein the nozzles comprises four sets of nozzles.
- 28. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 26 wherein the nozzles are rotating nozzles.
- 29. (withdrawn) The method Claim 19 wherein the nozzles are connected to a pressurized reservoir of the molten polymer.
- 30. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein the cooling step is accomplished with an inert gas blown onto the continuous roving of fibers to solidify the molten polymer.

- 31. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 29 wherein the inert gas is selected from nitrogen, helium and argon.
- 32. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein the retaining step includes cutting the contiguous polymer-coated fibers into pellets.
- 33. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 19 wherein the retaining step includes forming the contiguous polymer-coated fibers into a wound length.
- 34. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein a molten polymer reinforced with fine particulates is fed from the nozzle to wet the fibers and to form a polymer composite containing both particulate and fiber reinforcement to form a hybrid composite.
- 35. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 34, wherein the size of the molten polymer particulates is less then 0.35mm.
- 36. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 34, wherein the particulate is at least one ceramic particulate chosen from a group consisting of silicon carbide, alumina, aluminum nitride, silicon dioxide, carbon, silicon nitride, titanium diboride, titanium carbide, tungsten carbide, zirconia, beryllia, boron and boron carbide.
- 37. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 34, wherein the particulate is at least one metallic particulate chosen from a group consisting of nickel, silver, monel, tin, copper, aluminum, steels and chromium.
- 38. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein a molten polymer reinforced with nano-particles is fed from the nozzle to form a polymer composite with both fiber and nano-particles reinforcement to form a hybrid composite.

- 39. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 38, wherein the nano-particles are at least one nano-particle chosen from a group consisting of silicon carbide, alumina, aluminum nitride, silicon dioxide, carbon, silicon nitride, titanium diboride, titanium carbide, tungsten carbide, zirconia, beryllia, boron and boron carbide.
- 40. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 38, wherein the nano-particles are at least one nano-particle chosen from a group consisting of nickel, silver, monel, tin, copper, aluminum, steels and chromium.
- 41. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein a molten polymer reinforced with nano-clay is fed from the nozzle to form a polymer composite with both fiber and nano-clay reinforcement to form a hybrid composite.
- 42. (original) An apparatus for producing polymer-coated, metal-coated fibers said apparatus comprising:

a reel means for providing movement of a roving of metal-coated fibers; at least one nozzle including a plurality of orifices for spreading each metalcoated fiber of the roving without making contact with each metal-coated fiber of the roving and spraying a molten polymer stream upon the roving;

- a heating chamber for housing the sprayer nozzles; and
- a cooling chamber for cooling the molten polymer on the roving; wherein the molten polymer stream is ejected from each one of the orifices of the sprayer nozzles in a manner sufficient to forcibly spread the metal-coated fibers without removal of metal-coating therefrom, and the molten polymer is cooled on the roving by the cooling chamber to form a contiguous polymer-coated, metal-coated fibers.
- 43. (original) The apparatus of Claim 42 further comprising a cutting means adapted to render pellets from the contiguous metal-coated fiber and polymer composite.

- 44. (original) The apparatus of Claim 42 wherein the reel means includes a bobbin on which the roving is wound and a set of fiber pick-up wheels in contact with the bobbin.
- 45. (currently amended) A polymer-coated, metal-coated fiber composite <u>produced</u> by the apparatus of claim 42 and comprising a plurality of metal-coated fibers interspersed within an encasement of polymer wherein metal-coating of each metal-coated fibers is substantially undamaged.
- 46. (original) The polymer composite of Claim 45 wherein each fiber is a coated carbon fiber.
- 47. (original) The polymer composite of Claim 46 wherein each coated carbon fiber is coated with a metal selected from the group consisting of nickel, nickel alloy, silver, silver alloy, aluminum, aluminum alloy, copper, copper alloy, monel metal, monel metal alloy, tin or tin alloy.
- 48. (original) The polymer composite of Claim 45 wherein the composite is continuous.
- 49. (original) The polymer composite of Claim 45 wherein the composite is pelletized.
- 50. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 1 or 19, wherein the size of the orifices for ejection of the molten polymer is at least 0.35mm.
- 51. (withdrawn) The method according to claims 1 or 19, wherein the nozzle tubes have at least 3 rows of orifices.

- 52. (withdrawn) The method according to Claims 50, wherein the rows of orifices are spaced to cover at least 45° angle of spread.
- 53. (withdrawn) The method according to claims 1 or 19, wherein the first nozzle tube ejects a first polymer and the at least one sequence nozzle tube ejects a second polymer in the event that the surface of the metallic coated fiber needs to be functionalized by a first polymer prior to covering of the fibers by the matrix polymer.
- 54. (withdrawn) The method according to claims 1 or 19, wherein the nozzle tubes are connected to separate individual pressurized reservoirs in the case that two types of polymers are spread onto the fibers.